Quantitative light scattering to standardize flow cytometry measurements of extracellular vesicles

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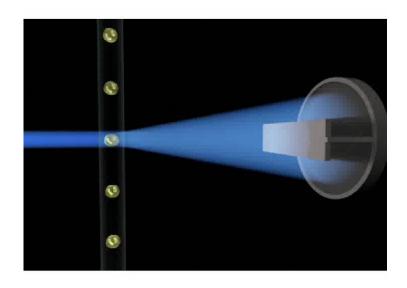


Vesicle Observation Center, Academic Medical Center, University of Amsterdam, The Netherlands

Conflicts of interest

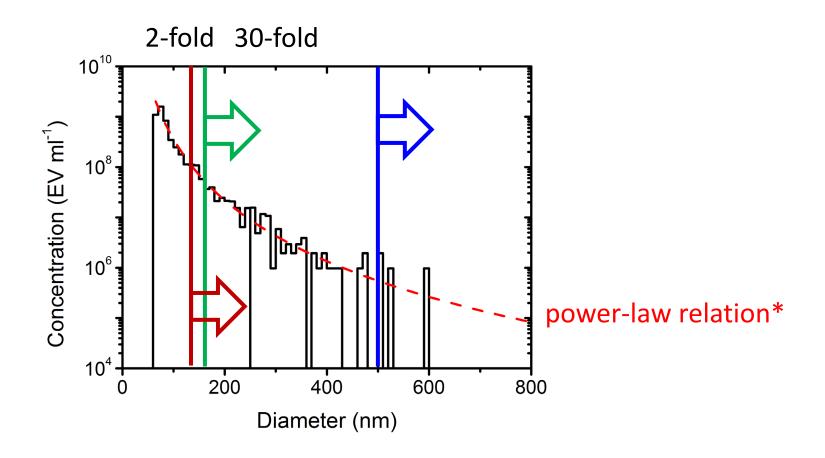
 Edwin van der Pol and Frank Coumans are cofounder and stakeholder of **EXOMETRY**

Introduction



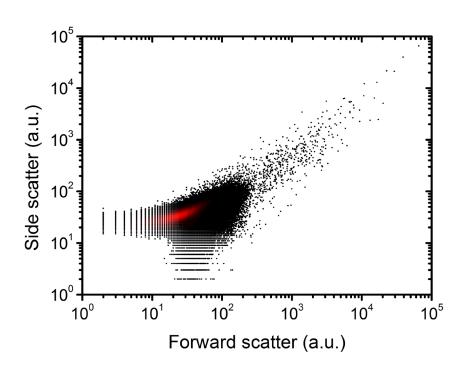
- extracellular vesicles (EV) are potential biomarkers
- flow cytometry is commonly used to count EV
- reported concentrations of EV in plasma differ >10⁶-fold*
- standardization required

Problem 1: instruments differ in sensitivity



Problem 2: arbitrary units

same population of erythrocyte EV



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Apogee A50-micro

Becton Dickinson FACSCanto II

Goal

 obtain reproducible measurements of the EV concentration using different flow cytometers



Study comprises 33 sites (64 instruments) worldwide



Approach

- measure EV reference sample and controls
- determine flow rate
- scatter (a.u.) → diameter (nm)
 - measure METVES-beads
 - Exometry software obtains scatter to diameter relation
 - Exometry software provides EV size gates
- apply EV size gate to software (e.g. FlowJo) and report concentrations

EV reference sample

- erythrocyte EV from blood bank concentrate
 - > CD235a-FITC labeled
 - > trigger on most sensitive scatter channel
 - > exclude EV similar to isotype

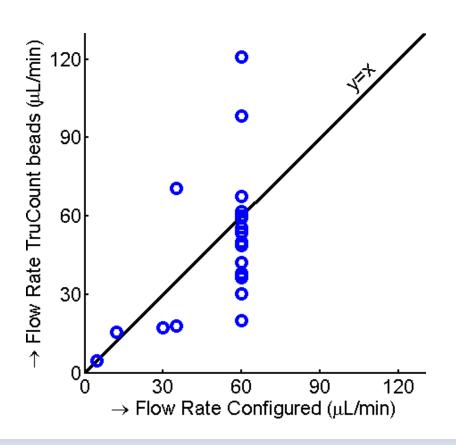


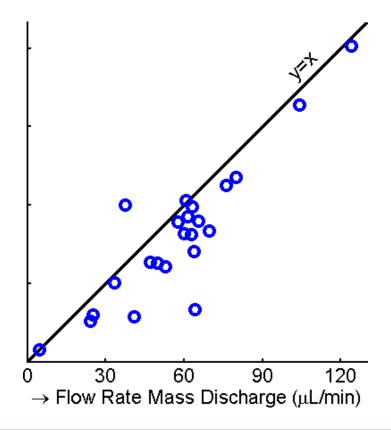
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Determine flow rate

concentration =
$$\frac{\text{# of EV}}{\text{flow rate} \times \text{measurement time}}$$

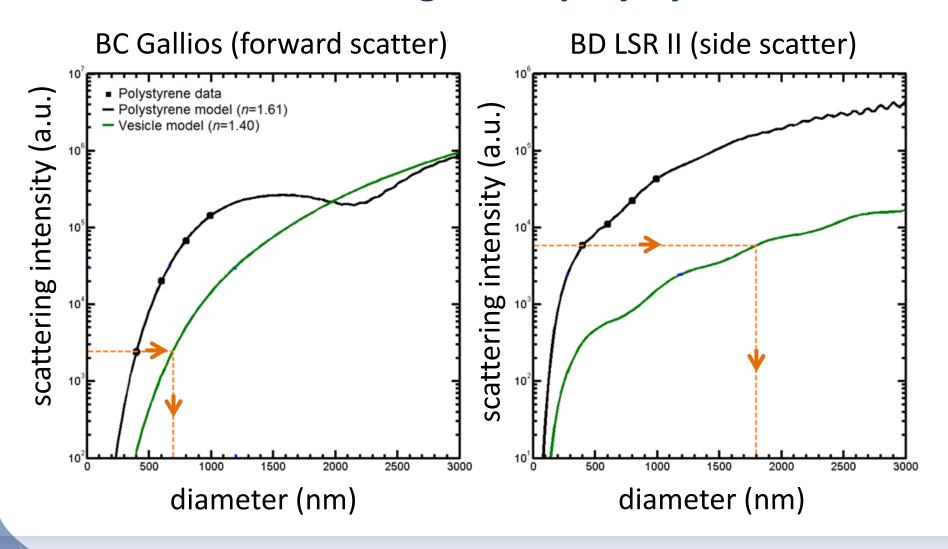




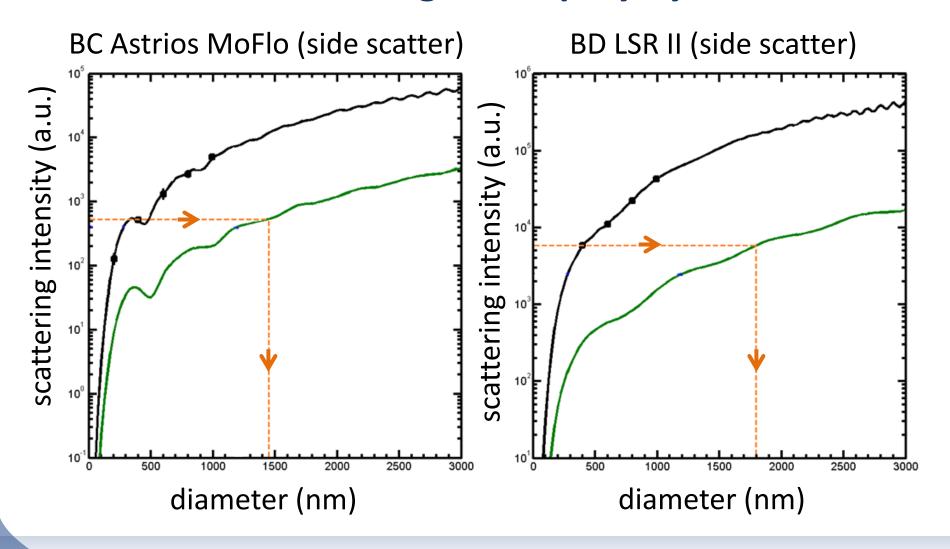
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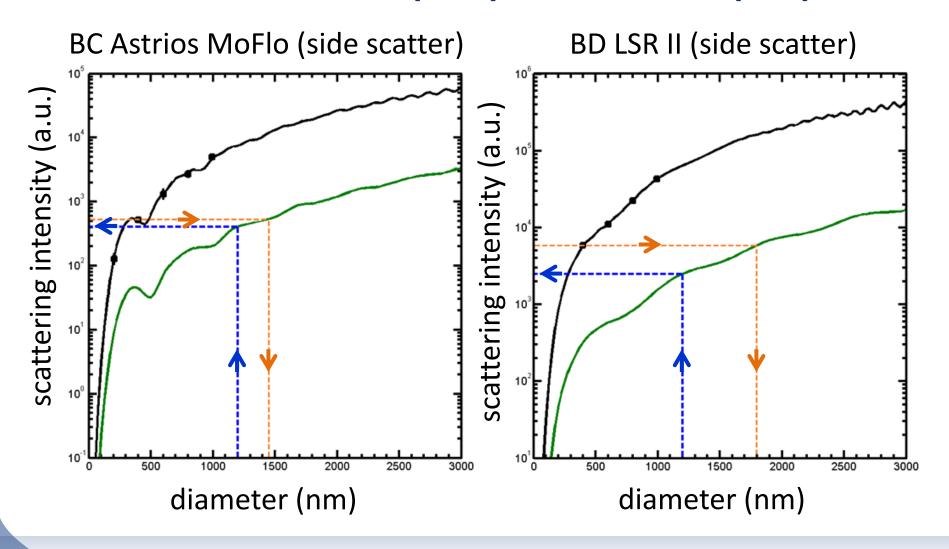
Earlier ISTH studies: gate on polystyrene beads

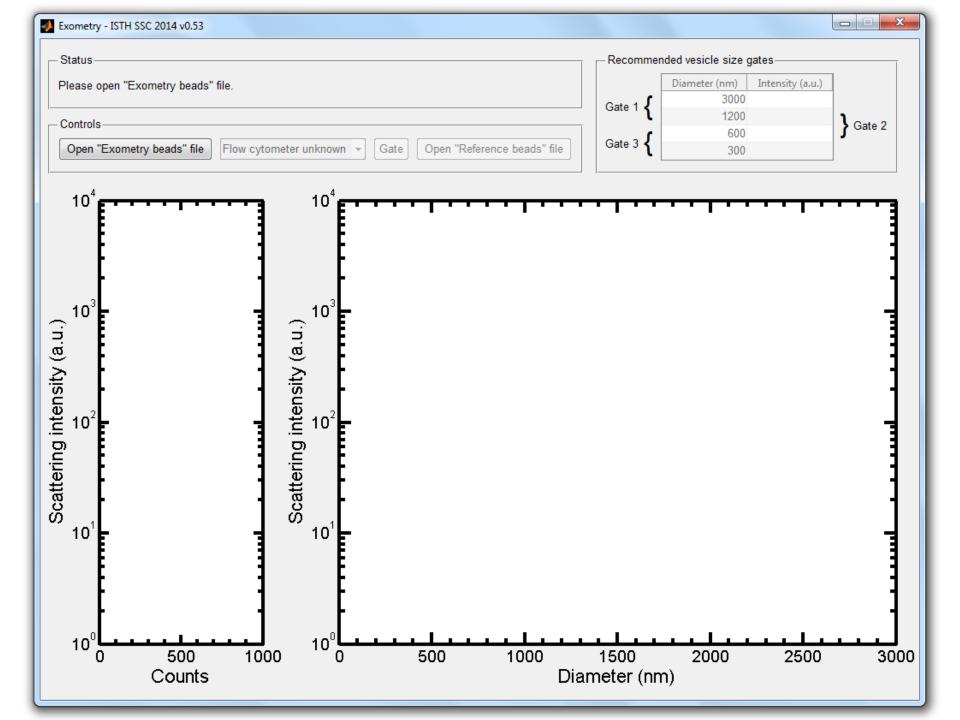


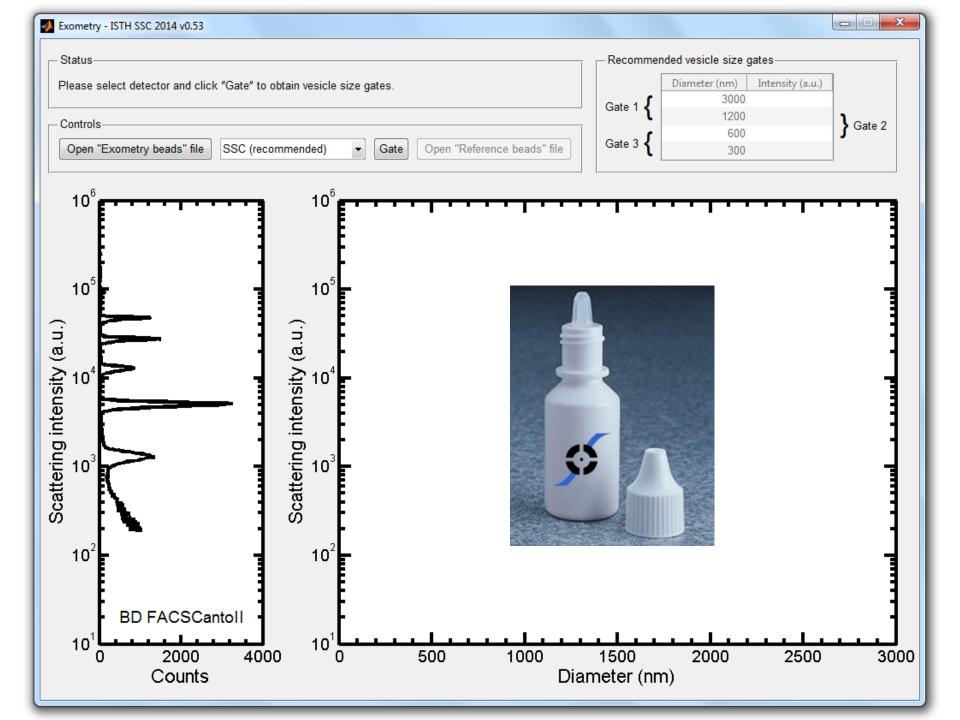
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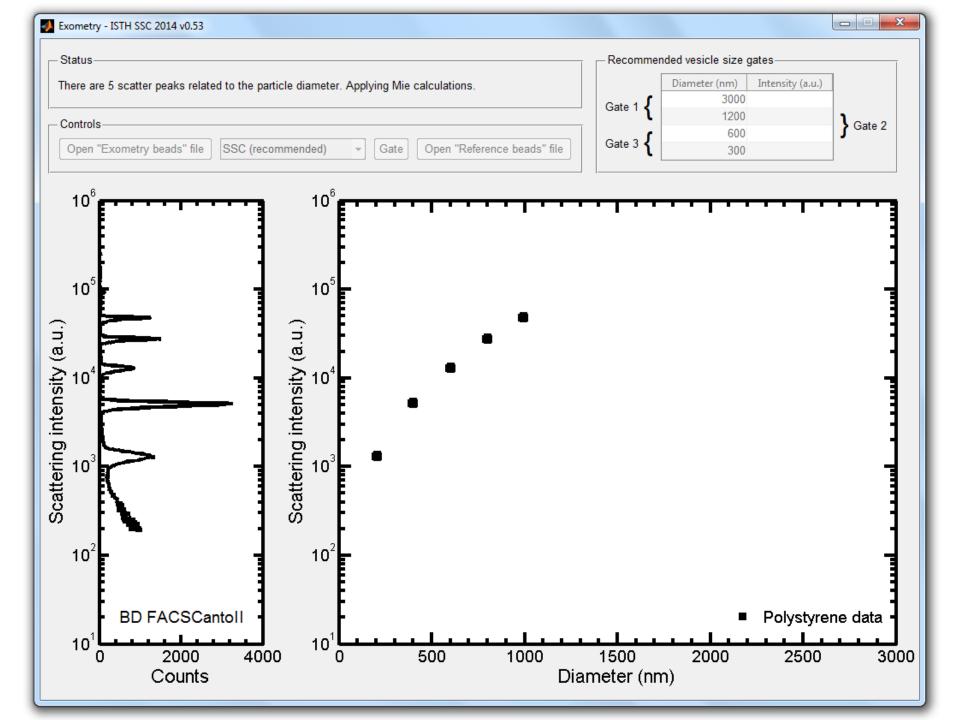


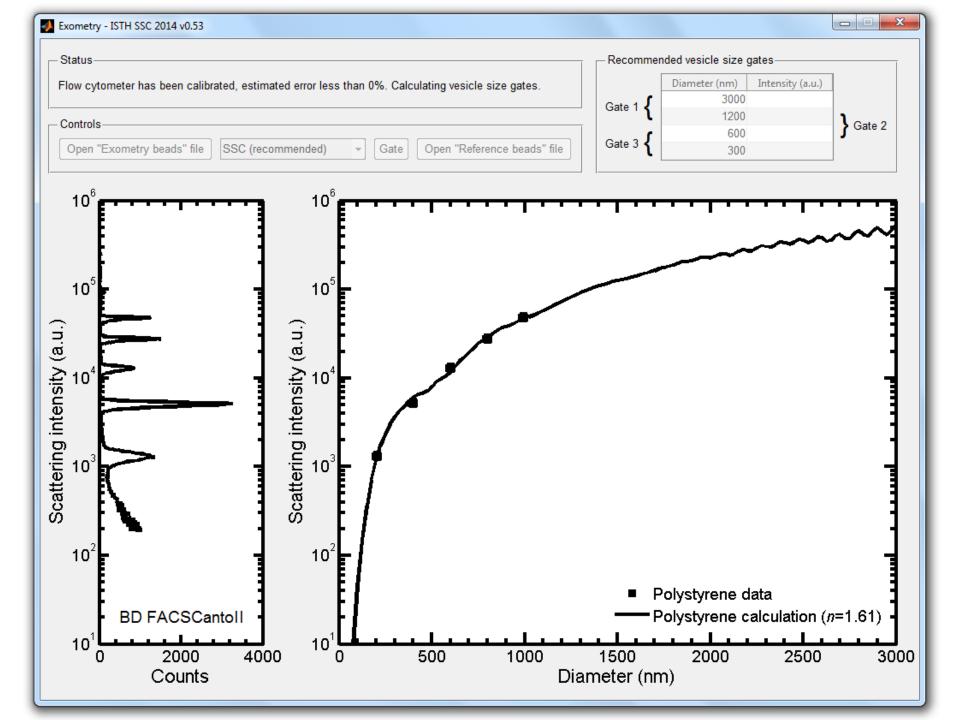
2016: relate scatter (a.u.) to diameter (nm)

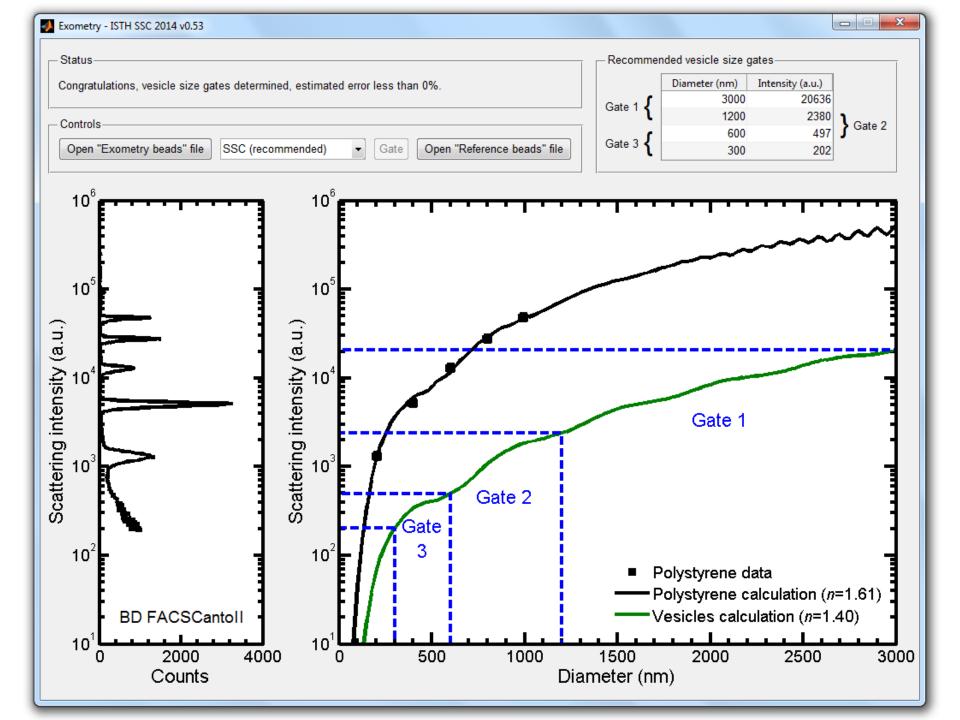


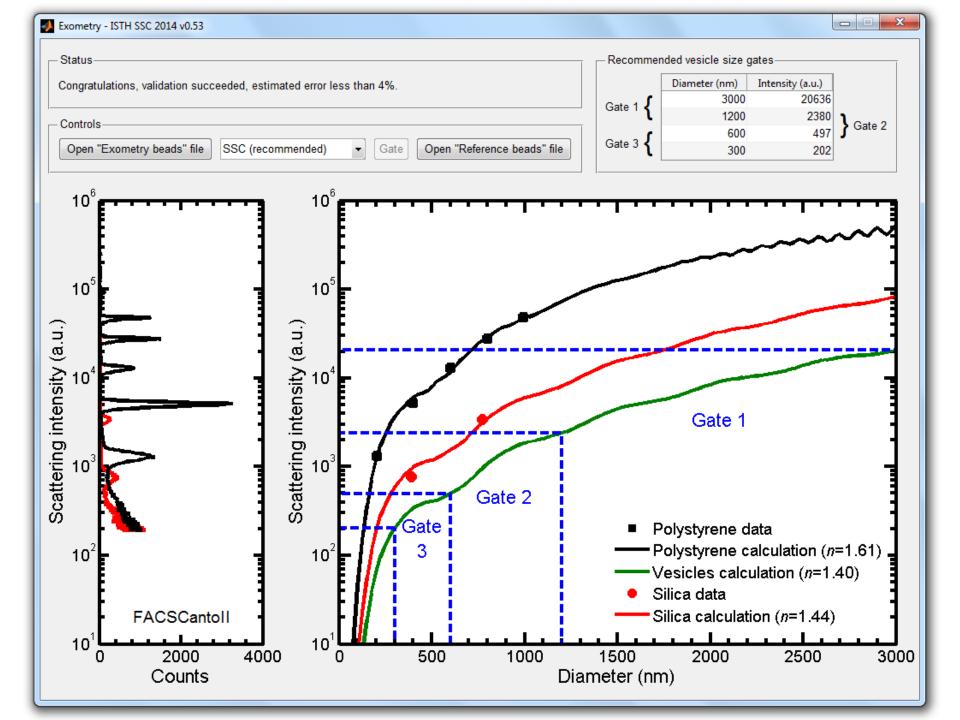




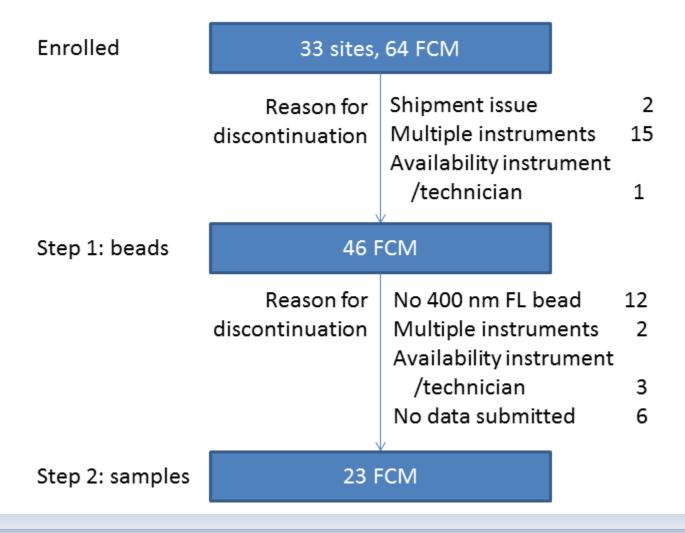




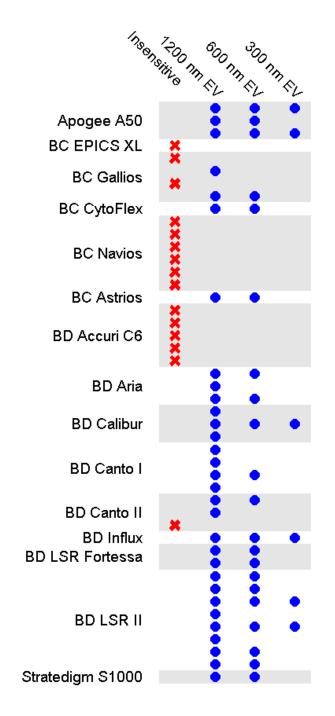




Exclusion of flow cytometers (FCM)



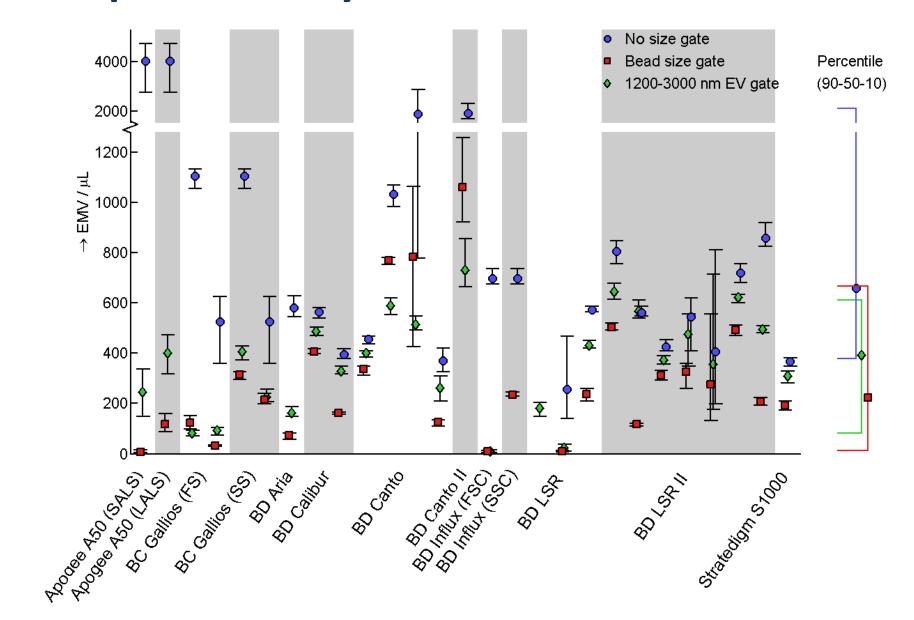
Instrument sensitivity



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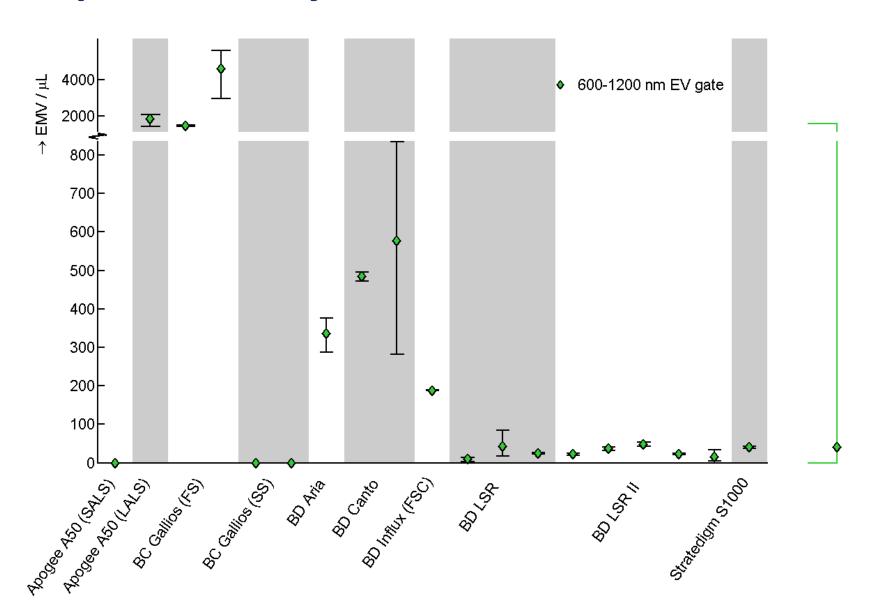
Reproducibility of 1200-3000 nm EV



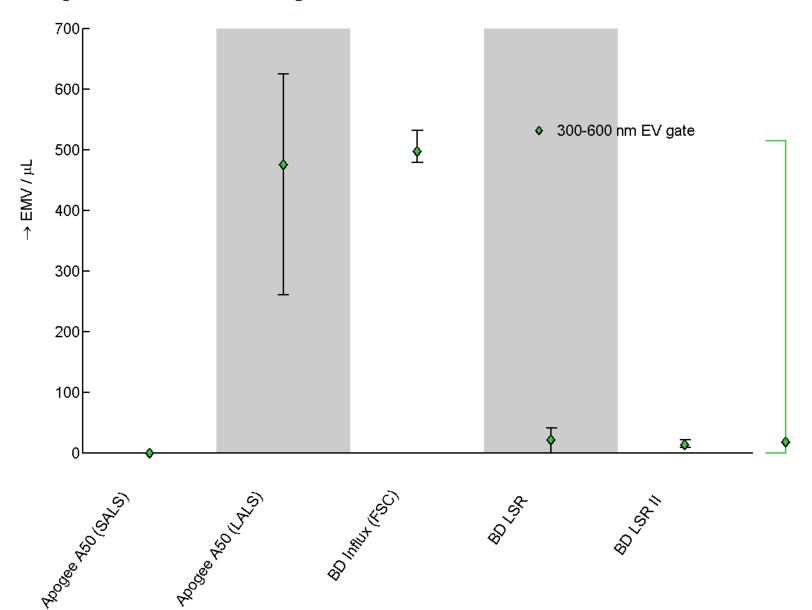
Reproducibility of 1200-3000 nm EV

%CV	All	SSC only	FSC only
Gate on beads	74%	60%	80%
Gate on EV size with light scatter theory	59%	42%	92%

Reproducibility of 600-1200 nm EV



Reproducibility of 300-600 nm EV



Conclusions

- flow rate calibration is essential
- many flow cytometers used in EV research do not detect EV by scatter-based triggering
- EV size gate by Mie theory (CV=59%) leads to better reproducibility than gate on beads (CV=74%)

Discussion

- assumption of EV size gate by Mie theory
 - > EV have similar refractive index of 1.4
- discrepancy between FSC and SSC
 - due to incorrectly selected refractive index?
- standardization of EV sizes <1200 nm ineffective

Acknowledgements

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- Software and beads by exometry.com
- Info: edwinvanderpol.com







